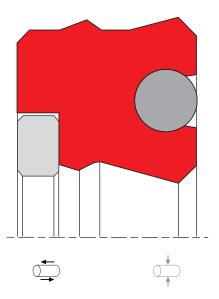
SEAL SPEC S24-P





description

o-ring activated rod seal with additional stabilizing lips and integrated active back ring for larger extrusion gaps, mainly used in mining industry.

- + asymmetric single-acting rod seals. an o-ring inserted into the groove increases the preload.
- + interference fit on the outside diameter is generated by a stabilizing lip.
- + various materials are available for different purposes.
- + snaps into simple grooves (see notes on installation).
- + best sealing effect across a wide temperature range.
- + the active back up ring on the trailing side of the seal reduces extrusion wear, thereby making larger gap dimensions possible resphigher system pressure.
- + for pressures up to 700 bar as a seal between pressurized space and atmosphere.
- + good sealing in all pressure ranges.
- + excellent static and dynamic sealing.
- + suitable for short travel.
- + recommended when holding or positioning under pressure.
- + no reverse leakage (i.e. minor relative motion of the sealing edges when the direction is changed).
- + the secondary lip reduces the residual oil film.
- + outstanding stability at small cross-sections and large heights.

category of profile

machined product only

single acting

the S24-P seal is designed for use as a rod seal.

area of application; hydraulics

- reciprocating rods on hydraulic cylinders, push rods, fittings.
- \cdot as rod seals for switching functions (e.g. clutch operation).
- \cdot as rod seals for clamping functions.
- \cdot as rod seal in mining cylinders.
- commonly used as sealing element in telescopic cylinders (for large deflections increased preload may be necessary).

note

- the ratio between nominal width and sealing height cs/H should not drop below a value of 1/1.25 (essentially according to ISO 5597 housings for piston and rod seals), small cross-sections require ratios up to 1/1.9.
- high degree of friction.
- high break-away moment.
- the recovery volume is smaller than with simple lip seals.
- cross-section limited to 30 mm.
- on long strokes drag pressure may be built up between both lips, which can lead to disfunction.

function

S24-P profiles are lip seals designed to seal pressurised space against the atmosphere; mainly for reciprocating movements. the design is based on application in standard hydraulic systems with conventional hydraulic oils. the operating parameters are as defined in the sealing data sheet and material data. requirements deviating from these parameters can be met to a certain degree by changing the geometry in the software program.



operating parameter & material

	material		temperature	max surface	may proceural	hydrolysis	dry	wear
sealing element	energizer	back-up ring	temperature	speed	max pressure ¹	TIYUTUTYSIS		resistance
PU	NBR (70 shore A)	POM/PA ²	-30 °C +100 °C	0,5 m/s	700 bar (70 MPa)	-	+	+
HPU	NBR (70 shore A)	POM/PA ²	-20 °C +100 °C	0,5 m/s	700 bar (70 MPa)	-	+	+
LTPU	NBR (70 shore A)	POM/PA ²	-30 °C +100 °C	0,5 m/s	700 bar (70 MPa)	-	+	+
SPU	NBR (70 shore A)	POM/PA ²	-20 °C +100 °C	0,7 m/s	700 bar (70 MPa)	-	+	+
GPU	NBR (70 shore A)	POM/PA ²	-30 °C +100 °C	0,5 m/s	700 bar (70 MPa)	-	+	+
¹ pressure ratings are depen	ident on the size of the extrusion	n gap.	++ particularly s	uitable	+ suitable c	conditional suitable	e	- not suitable

² POM up to ø260 mm, PA above ø260 mm

the stated operation conditions represent general indications. It is recommended not to use all maximum values simultaneously, surface speed limits apply only to the presence of adequate lubrication film.

for detailed information regarding chemical resistance please refer to our "list of resistance". for increased chemical and thermal resistance rubber materials are to be preferred, attention should be paid to restrictions for pressure range and wear resistance. for higher gliding speeds another system should be used (e.g. PTFE materials).

note on special material

materials such as Viton, Silicone, EPDM, H-NBR, etc. can also be used for the preload element, but they are only useful in specific cases (temperature or chemical influences). the temperature limits are also determined by the supporting element; using special material can expand the temperature range.

gap dimension

	cs = (ØD - Ød)/2 mm					
operating pressure			7,5	10	12,5	15
pressare				on gap (m		
100 bar (10 MPa)	0,80	1,00	1,50	1,80	2,10	2,20
200 bar (20 MPa)	0,60	0,70	1,00	1,20	1,30	1,50
300 bar (30 MPa)	0,40	0,50	0,75	0,75	0,80	1,25
400 bar (40 MPa)	0,30	0,30	0,50	0,50	0,60	0,75
600 bar (60 MPa)	0,20	0,25	0,30	0,25	0,25	0,25
700 bar (70 MPa)	0,10	0,12	0,13	0,14	0,15	0,16

the above data are maximum value and can't be used at the same time. e.g. the maximum operating speed depend on material type, pressure, temperature and gap value. temperature range also dependent on medium. the table applies to an operating temperature of 70 °C.

surface quality

surface roughness	Rtmax (µm)	Ra (µm)
sliding surface	≤2,5	≤0,1-0,5
bottom of groove	≤6,3	≤1,6
groove face	≤15	≤3

tolerance recommendation

seal housing tolerance				
Ød	f8			
ØD	H10			

at pressure > 40 MPa; Smax = H8/f8 (bore and rod) in area of the seal

mode of installation

Ød	type of installation
≤ 6·cs	open mounting space required
> 6•cs≤ 10•cs	snap mounting with tool
> 10•cs	snap mounting by hand

for inside diameters of 25mm or more, and dependant on radial cross section (cs), seals may be snapped into closed housings.

insertion chamfer

in order to avoid damage to the rod seal during installation, the piston rod is to be chamfered and rounded as shown in the "recommended mounting space" drawing. the size of chamfer depends on the seal type and profile width.

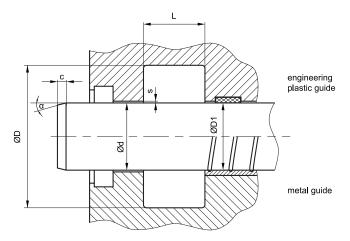
cs (mm)	c (mm)			
co (min)	α = 15 ⁰ 20 ⁰	α = 20 ⁰ 30 ⁰		
4	3,5	2		
5	4	2,5		
6	4,5	3		
7,5	5	4		
10	6	5		
12,5	8,5	6,5		
15	10	7,5		
20	13	10		



SEAL SPEC S24-P



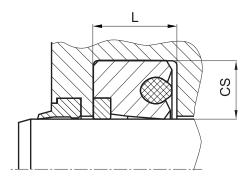
recommended mounting space



recommended guide tolerance D1

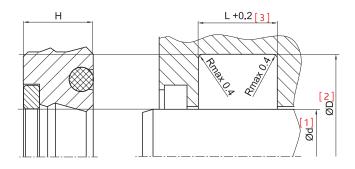
d f8	p ≤ 100	100< p ≤ 200	p > 200
[mm]	[bar]	[bar]	[bar]
≤ 100	H10	H8	H8
> 100 ≤ 200	H10	H8	H7
> 200	H9	H8	H7

fitted



seal & housing recommendations

please note that we are able to produce those profiles to your specific need or any non standard housing. for detail measurements, please see seal-mart catalog...



Ød [mm]	ØD [mm]	L [mm]	cs = (ØD - Ød)/2 [mm]
[1]	[2]	[3]	
5 ~ 24,9	ØD + 8	6,3	4
25 ~ 49,9	ØD + 10	8	5
50 ~ 149,9	ØD + 15	10	7,5
150 ~ 299,9	ØD + 20	14	10
300 ~ 499,9	ØD + 25	17	12,5
500 ~ 699,9	ØD + 30	25	15
700 ~ 1000	ØD + 40	32	20
> 1000	ØD + 40	32	20

the ratio between nominal width and seal height cs/H should not drop below 1/1.25. therefore we recommend the following housing heights.

